

P.O. Box 1749 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3A5 Canada

> Item No. 11.4.2 Halifax Regional Council October 25, 2011 November 8, 2011

то:	Mayor Kelly and Members of Halifax Regional Council
SUBMITTED BY:	Original Signed
	Councillor Peter Lund, Chair, Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee
DATE:	October 11, 2011
SUBJECT:	Alderney 5 Energy Project

INFORMATION REPORT

<u>ORIGIN</u>

Motion of the Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee October 6, 2011 meeting:

That the Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee forward a copy of the September 29, 2011 staff information report entitled: Alderney 5 Energy Project to Halifax Regional Council for their information.

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION

A staff information report dated September 29, 2011 entitled: Alderney 5 Energy Project was added to the Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee's October 6, 2011 agenda during the approval of the Order of Business. The Standing Committee reviewed the September 29th staff information report and passed a motion to forward a copy to Halifax Regional Council as information.

Additional information can be reviewed in the attached staff information report dated September 29, 2011.

BUDGET IMPLICATIONS

The budget implications to this report are outlined in detail in the attached staff information report dated September 29, 2011.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES/BUSINESS PLAN

This report complies with the Municipality's Multi-Year Financial Strategy, the approved Operating, Project and Reserve budgets, policies and procedures regarding withdrawals from the utilization of Project and Operating reserves, as well as any relevant legislation.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

The Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee meetings are open to the public.

ATTACHMENTS

Staff Information Report dated September 29, 2011.

A copy of this report can be obtained online at http://www.halifax.ca/council/agendasc/cagenda.html then choose the appropriate meeting date, or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 490-4210, or Fax 490-4208.

Report Prepared by: Krista Vining, Legislative Assistant, Municipal Clerks Office, 490-6519



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Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee October 6, 2011

TO:	Peter Lund, Chair, Environment and Sustainability Standing Committee
SUBMITTED BY:	Original Signed
	Phillip Townsend, Director, Infrastructure and Asset Management
DATE:	September 29, 2011
SUBJECT:	Alderney 5 Energy Project

Information Report

<u>ORIGIN</u>

- June 26, 2010, Regional Council In-Camera Report: Alderney 5 Completion
- July 7, 2009, Regional Council In-Camera Report: Alderney 5 Completion
- August 4, 2007, Regional Council Alderney 5 Construction Award Report to HPES
- March 7, 2006, Regional Council Alderney 5 Feasibility Study Award Report to SNC-Lavalin/HPES

BACKGROUND

In August of 2007, Halifax Regional Council awarded a contract to High Performance Energy Systems Inc. (HPES) for the construction of the Alderney 5 Energy Project.

The project consisted of a public-private partnership that included an energy efficiency retrofit of existing municipal buildings on the Dartmouth waterfront and the installation of a unique renewable energy system. The energy efficiency measures included a lighting upgrade, natural gas conversion, and a district energy (heating and cooling) system for the complex of buildings. The new renewable energy system included a seawater cooling system and the world's first Underground Thermal Energy Storage (UTES) system which stores cold energy in a geothermal borehole field for building air conditioning without using heat pump technology. The UTES is designed to harvest cold energy from the ocean during winter months and store it underground for when it is needed six months later during peak summer conditions – acting as a "cold energy battery".

The municipal contribution to the project was \$1 million of capital.

In May of 2009, the contract with HPES was terminated for cause. At the time of termination, work on the Project had not been substantially performed. HRM staff discovered serious deficiencies with the work. The termination of the contract meant that HRM and HPES did not enter into a long-term lease agreement. In July of 2009, HRM Council directed staff to complete the project at an additional cost of \$589,545. The decision to complete the project was taken despite known deficiencies in the work of HPES and the uncertainty of the performance of the renewable energy system once completed. Some of this additional construction/operation risk was offset by savings that were starting to accrue from already completed phases of the project (the lighting retrofit and natural gas conversion). Subsequent, to HRM Council approval of the \$589,454 in additional capital expenditures, more deficiencies related to the seawater intake and piping systems were discovered and rectified within the budget.

In February 2010, the geothermal field and seawater cooling systems construction was completed and connected to the Alderney Gate buildings. A decision to not connect the Ferry Terminal, Old Dartmouth City Hall, and Alderney Landing buildings to the cooling system was taken due to capital constraints, the limited incremental payback and the need to validate the renewable cooling system operation as a priority, prior to further expenditures.

DISCUSSION

Cooling System Operating Results and Textbook Sustainability Principles:

As discussed above, the seawater cooling (and charging) system and the Underground Thermal Energy Storage (UTES) system became fully operational in February 2010. This allowed only one month of cold charging of the system before the seawater temperature became too warm to continue charging. Despite this limited initial charging cycle, and an extremely hot, humid and long 2010 summer season, the new cooling system was able to meet 90% of the cooling needs of Alderney Gate. During the past year, the system went through a full winter charging cycle and

Alderney 5 Energy Project Environment and Sustainability Report

was able to meet an historic operating point – providing 100% renewable energy to meet all of Alderney Gate's cooling needs in 2011. This key milestone was also achieved despite a 100% turnover in operations staff. There is excess capacity in the cooling system to incrementally add another 1-2 large buildings to the system.

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The Alderney 5 Energy Project encompasses a holistic approach to energy and sustainability. There are strong returns tying together the motivations not only economically but also environmentally. In particular, if the system can continue to provide 100% of the cooling needs from a 100% renewable resource, the CFC based chillers will have become redundant. With over 2,200 lbs. of CFC refrigerants onsite (which are due to be phased out under the Montreal Protocol) and the elimination of high carbon electricity to run the chillers, there are multiple intertwined environmental and economic benefits.

14.9% Return on HRM Taxpayer's Investment:

The initial business case had predicted the project would save \$250,000 of the \$750,000 in utility operating costs. Currently the project has been experiencing over \$400,000 in savings per year – primarily due to electricity costs increasing faster than predicted and the price differential between oil and natural gas having increased the savings.

The initial business case also included savings associated with avoiding future capital to replace individual boilers/oil tanks and individual air conditioning systems (which are all using CFC based refrigerants). It is expected that the current infrastructure installed will avoid over \$850,000 in future capital replacement costs.

Using an HRM cost of 4.32% of financing, the current \$1.6 million in capital spent on the project, \$20,000 in miscellaneous operating costs, annual utility savings of \$400,000, and an assumed escalation of energy costs of 3%, the return on the HRM taxpayer investment has been calculated to be 14.9% per year.

Current Legal Issues:

As discussed above, HRM terminated the original contract with HPES for cause in May 2009. As indicated in the July 7, 2009, report to Council, HRM has had three liens placed against it by companies claiming to be sub-contractors of HPES: Northeast Equipment Ltd.; Fred Dunphy Excavating Ltd.; and Palmer Refrigeration Ltd., due to alleged non-payment of invoices. HRM Legal is currently working on this file and has consolidated the liens.

BUDGET IMPLICATIONS

There are no budget implications to this report.

As per the original HRM Council direction Award Report (August 7, 2007), \$127,333 of the energy savings from the project in operating account W200-6607 are being used to repay the Capital Replacement Reserve (Q130) withdrawal of \$1,000,000, plus 4.32% interest costs, over ten years. This reserve withdrawal was used to fund HRM's original capital commitment to the HPES contract.

As per the July 7, 2009, HRM Council direction on approval of amended construction completion costs, an additional \$100,000 of the energy savings from W200-6607 is being put into the Energy and Unground Services Reserve A131, to fund future energy efficiency projects, or as a priority, any financial liabilities resulting from liens against the project.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES/BUSINESS PLAN

This report complies with the Municipality's Multi-Year Financial Strategy, the approved Operating, Project and Reserve budgets, policies and procedures regarding withdrawals from the utilization of Project and Operating reserves, as well as any relevant legislation.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

As the world's first geothermal energy storage system of its type, there has been extensive community and industry engagement on this project. An interpretive building (hosting the system's heart) with a public glass looking area and panels explaining the system, is on display on the Dartmouth waterfront encouraging the public to visit.



Geo-Energy Vault for Alderney 5 on the Dartmouth waterfront.

Staff regularly gives tours to the public and industry experts on the system to share lessons learned and experiences of the operating characteristics. Recently, over 150 delegates of the FCM conference had a tour of the system. Natural Resources Canada has written a case study of the Alderney 5 Energy Project and currently QUEST (Quality Urban Energy Systems of Tomorrow) has engaged the Associate Dean of Economics, Dr. Mark Raymond, at Saint Mary's University, to produce a detailed business case study.

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Copy of the interpretive panel on the Dartmouth waterfront at Alderney 5 Geo-Energy Vault.

A copy of this report can be obtained online at http://www.halifax.ca/council/agendasc/cagenda.html then choose the appropriate meeting date, or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 490-4210, or Fax 490-4208.

Report Prepared by:

Julian Boyle, P.Eng., Energy Auditor, 476-8075 Original Signed

Financial Approval by:

Mr. Jim Cooke, Director of Finance, CFO 490-6308

ALDERNEY 5 ENERGY PROJECT - WORLD'S FIRST GEOTHERMAL COLD STORAGE SYSTEM

STATE OF THE ART COOLING TECHNOLOGY

The Geo-Energy Vault is the heart of a revolutionary geothermal cold storage system. Ine Gene-Heigy Yaut is the insert or a revolutionary geometric actionation of the Hallack Below you are filtinalinin host exchanges used to extract caid energy from the Hallack hotboar in the writterfine. A geothermal barehole field under the adjacemt parking bit stores the caid energy for 7 months. The Addreme's 5 searcher cooling and caid storage system provides 100% renewable energy to dri condition buildings on the Dammouth waterfinal.

The Alderney 5 geothermal energy storage system consists of . 80 boreholds. Each barehole is a hy incises in diameter and alifed 500 feet deep. The barehold design advas cold energy to be stared in the nock maximum, eventually to be used directly for al conditioning without the need for hand pumps. By not using heat pumps, the need for refliguents and electritally to condition the buildings betwinned.

ALDERNEY S IS THE FIRST PROJECT IN THE WORLD TO USE THIS TECHNOLOGY.



HOW DOES IT WORK?

The seawater cooling and geothermal energy storage system is a fairly simple The solution control is the generative energy suboury system to a bury single concept. In effect, the generatement energy system octs as obsiders, built instead of storing electricity, it holds cold energy. Richte a giant bottery the site of a 43 storey building (which is the octual) used in a 43 storey to cool the buildings. A typical borehole in charging and discharging modes is simplified in the terms.





TITANIUM HEAT EXCHANGER

Below you, there are two titanium heat exchanges large enough to air condition all of downtown Dartmouth. HOW DOES IT WORK?

A plate heat exchanger uses metal plates to transfer heat metal pares to italister near between two fluids. The concept behind a plate heat exchanger is the use of plates to heat or coal one fluid by transfering heat from another fluid.



PEAK SUMMER MONTHS: AIR CONDITIONING MODE



AS SIMPLE AS PENGUIN INSULATING TECHNOLOGY To survive in the cold Antarctic climate, emperor penguits huddle together. Clustering in groups helps the penguins conserve heat and marriam ther body temperature. The outside penguins oct as invlation, keeping the invide penguins worm. The benchkist at Adamer 5 work similary. Use emperor penguins, the outer borcholder invuder the inner



ones. However, instead of keeping the centre warm like penguins, the geothermal energy cold storage system is designed to keep the centre boreholes as cold as possible.





ECONOMIC BENEFITS

The cost of energy is ruing, making the \$3.6 million Alderney 5 renewable energy project financially attractive. Current annual reductions in energy costs are \$350,000. It is also expected to save \$600,000 in equipment replacement costs over the life of the project

This geothermal technology is almost universally applicable. For example, Table energy could be have stell from Nake, ambient at, a other securities view. Wolkskied demand for cooling and ar conditioning to growing rapidly and is becoming a vital necessiry. In Conada dane, ihere is a 580 billion of conditioning reforement market. Rising costs and environmental issues associated with electilicity board or conditioning market this innovative goatsmann system a subtanable energy attemative.

ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

The Alderney 5 seawater cooling and cold energy storage system will have additional environmental benefits beyond energy survings. It should eliminate the need tor 2200 bis of CFC or other refliquent based or conditioning in these municipal buildings. The Alderney 5 project has reduced greenbuse gas emissions by 900 lonne per year since 2009.