Re: Item No. 10.1.3

Wind Energy

Planning Services

Case 17342: Development Agreements for Large Wind Turbines

Halifax Regional Council February 21, 2012



Shayne Vipond Senior Planner

Wind Energy Presentation Outline

- Current Process
- Proposed Process -- Development Agreement
- Implications
- Process to Introduce
- Options To Guide the Planning Process
- Staff Recommendations



Current Process

- As-of-Right Process
- Development Permit



Existing Regulations – Distances from Turbines				
		Planning Services		
Turbine Type	Prop. Lines	Adj. Habitable		
(max. height)		Buildings		
Micro (23m)	1.0 x ht.	3.0 x ht.		
0-10 Kilowatts				
Small (35m)	1.0 x ht.	180 m		
10- 30 Kilowatts				
Medium (60m)	1.0 x ht.	250 m		
30- 300 Kilowatts				



Setbacks from Turbines				
Turbine Type	Prop Lines	Planning Services Adj.		
Turbine Type (max. height)	Prop. Lines	Habitable Buildings		
Large (60m+) 300 kW +	1.0 x ht.	1000 m		
Note: Large Wind turbines are not permitted in the Urban Core				



Additional Development Permit Requirements Public Notification

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i) Micro 140 metres (460 ft)
ii) Small 360 metres (1180 ft)
iii) Medium 500 metres (1640 ft)
iv) Large 2000 metres (6560 ft)



Urban Wind Turbine Locations



Rural Wind Turbine Locations



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Wind Energy --Changing Direction Planning Services

- Regional Wide Wind Energy Strategy to Community Councils
- Implications
 - Differences in adopted standards between Plan Areas due to the discretionary approvals process



Process to Introduce Development Agreement Planning Services

Council would have to initiate a new planning process and hold a Public Hearing to Amend:

- 1. Regional Municipal Planning Strategy,
- 2. Community Plans
- 3. Land Use By-laws



Development Agreements for Wind Turbines

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Benefits

- Public input on Development Agreements application
- Ability to evaluate proposal under the Development Agreement process
- Case by case decision making



Development Agreements for Wind Turbines

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Constraints

- Duplication with Provincial EA
- EA process would occur after DA approved
- Cost of studies
- Reliance on consultants
- Long timeframe for DA process
- High likelihood of appeal
- Could reopen debate on approvals
- Additional research



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Options to Guide the Planning Process in considering Development Agreements



Potential Options for Development Agreements				
#1	• No studies or	• Maintain existing minimum		
	new MPS	separation distances/ conduct		
	standards	community consultation		
#2	• Limit	• Maintain existing minimum		
	requirement to	separation distances/ conduct		
	one study (i.e.	community consultation		
	a sound study)	• Potential to enhance separation		
		distances based study results		



Potential Options for Development Agreements				
#3	• Require many studies	• Reduce or enhance		
	to establish many	separation distance		
	additional standards	• Add other siting		
	(sound,	requirements		
	environmental,	Replicate Provincial EA		
	human health, visual	process		
	impact etc.)			



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- Current Process
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 - Options
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Staff Recommendation

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Staff <u>does not</u> recommend initiating a planning process for a Development Agreement at this time



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The End

